

系級：\_\_\_\_\_ 學號：\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名：\_\_\_\_\_

1. 試畫出下列各曲線圖形並計算其曲線長度

(1) 懸鍊線  $\vec{r}(t) = (t, \cosh t)$  ( $t=0$  到  $t=2$ )

(2) 內擺線  $\vec{r}(t) = (a \cos^3 t, a \sin^3 t)$  ( $t=0$  到  $t=2\pi$ ,  $a=2$ )

(3) 心臟線  $\vec{r}(t) = (\rho \cos t, \rho \sin t)$  又  $\rho = a(1 - \cos t)$  ( $t=0$  到  $t=2\pi$ ,  $a=2$ )

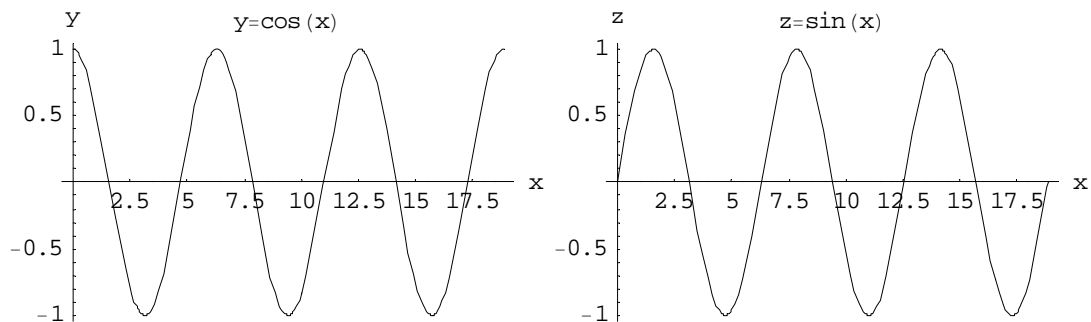
(4) 腎形線  $\vec{r}(t) = (3a \cos t + a \cos 3t, 3a \sin t + a \sin 3t)$  ( $t=0$  到  $t=2\pi$ ,  $a=2$ )

2. 試求下列質點運動軌跡在  $t = \frac{5\pi}{6}$  時之速度、切線加速度與法線加速度

(1)  $\vec{r}(t) = (\sin 2t, \cos t)$

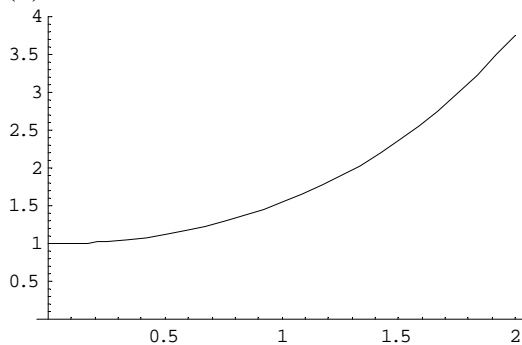
(2)  $\vec{r}(t) = (\sin t, \cos t, \cos 2t)$

3. 已知一曲線之位置向量為  $\vec{r}(t) = x(t)\vec{i} + y(t)\vec{j} + z(t)\vec{k}$ 。若一 3 維曲線投影於  $x$ - $y$  平面及  $x$ - $z$  如圖所示，試以  $x(t) = t$  作為參數，求此曲線之單位切向量、單位法向量與曲率  $\kappa$ 。



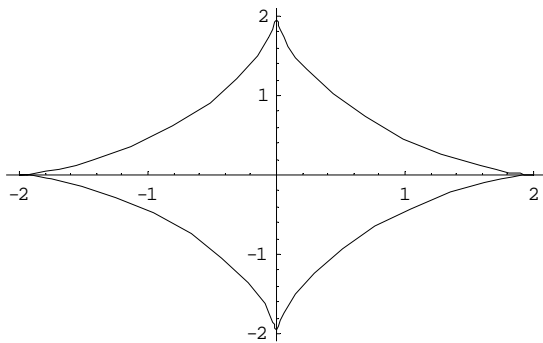
參考解答:

1. (1)



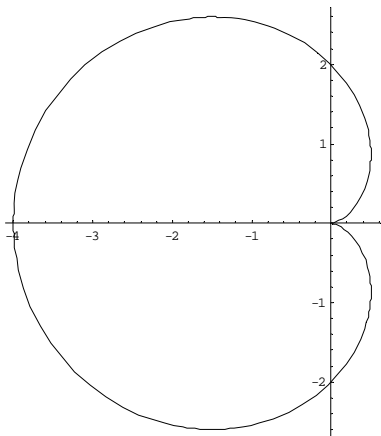
$L = 3.627$

(2)



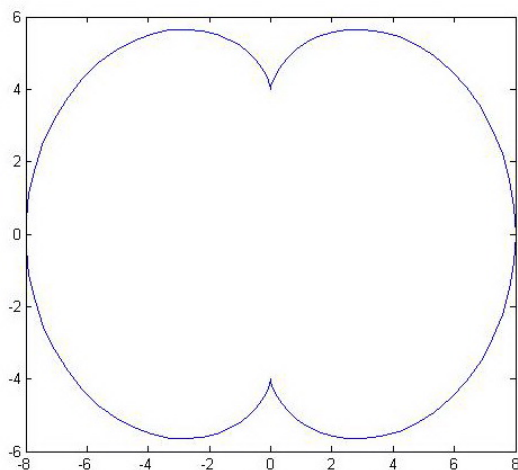
$$L = 6a = 12$$

(3)



$$L = 8a = 16$$

(4)



$$L = 24a = 48$$

$$2. (1) \vec{v} = 2\cos 2t\vec{i} - \sin t\vec{j} = \vec{i} - \frac{1}{2}\vec{j}$$

$$\vec{a} = -4\sin 2t\vec{i} - \cos t\vec{j} = 2\sqrt{3}\vec{i} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\vec{j}$$

$$\vec{a}_t = \frac{8\sin 4t - \sin 2t}{-4\cos 4t + \cos 2t - 5} (2\cos 2t \vec{i} - \sin t \vec{j}) = \frac{7\sqrt{3}}{5} \vec{i} - \frac{7\sqrt{3}}{10} \vec{j}$$

$$\vec{a}_n = \vec{a} - \vec{a}_t = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{5} \vec{i} + \frac{6\sqrt{3}}{5} \vec{j}$$

$$(2) \vec{v} = \cos t \vec{i} - \sin t \vec{j} - 2\sin 2t \vec{k} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \vec{i} - \frac{1}{2} \vec{j} + \sqrt{3} \vec{k}$$

$$\vec{a} = -\sin t \vec{i} - \cos t \vec{j} - 4\cos 2t \vec{k} = -\frac{1}{2} \vec{i} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{a}_t = \frac{4\sin 4t}{-3+2\cos 4t} (\cos t \vec{i} - \sin t \vec{j} - 2\sin 2t \vec{k}) = -\frac{3}{4} \vec{i} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \vec{j} + \frac{3}{2} \vec{k}$$

$$\vec{a}_n = \vec{a} - \vec{a}_t = \frac{1}{4} \vec{i} - \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} \vec{j} - \frac{7}{2} \vec{k}$$

3.  $x = t$ ,  $y = \cos x = \cos t$ ,  $z = \sin x = \sin t$

$$\vec{r}(t) = x(t)\vec{i} + y(t)\vec{j} + z(t)\vec{k} = t\vec{i} + \cos t \vec{j} + \sin t \vec{k}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{r}'(t) = \vec{i} - \sin t \vec{j} + \cos t \vec{k}$$

$$\text{單位切向量 } \vec{t}(t) = \frac{t\vec{i} - \sin t \vec{j} + \cos t \vec{k}}{|t\vec{i} - \sin t \vec{j} + \cos t \vec{k}|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\vec{i} - \sin t \vec{j} + \cos t \vec{k})$$

$$\text{法向量 } \vec{t}'(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-\cos t \vec{j} - \sin t \vec{k})$$

$$\text{單位法向量 } \vec{n}(t) = -\cos t \vec{j} - \sin t \vec{k}$$

$$\text{曲率 } \kappa = \frac{|\vec{t}'|}{|\vec{r}'(t)|} = \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$$