

系級：\_\_\_\_\_ 學號：\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名：\_\_\_\_\_

1. 給一微分方程  $x^2 y'' + 3xy' + y = 0$ , 已知一補解為  $y_1 = \frac{1}{x}$ , 試求另一補解  $y_2$

$$x^2 y'' + 3xy' + y = 0 \Rightarrow y'' + \frac{3}{x} y' + \frac{1}{x^2} y = 0 \quad \text{已知其解為 } y_1 = \frac{1}{x}$$

由 Wronskian 可知

$$W(y_1, y_2) = \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & y_2 \\ y_1' & y_2' \end{vmatrix} = y_1 y_2' - y_1' y_2 = C_1 e^{-\int adx}$$

$$\Rightarrow y_2' - \frac{y_1'}{y_1} y_2 = \frac{C_1}{y_1} e^{-\int adx} = \frac{C_1}{y_1} e^{-\int \frac{3}{x} dx} = \frac{C_1}{y_1} e^{-3 \ln x} = \frac{C_1}{y_1} x^{-3}$$

又  $y_1 = \frac{1}{x}$  代入後可得

$$\therefore y_2' + \frac{1}{x} y_2 = C_1 x^{-2} \longrightarrow \text{此為一階線性 ODE}$$

可知積分因子為  $\mu = e^{\int p(x) dx} = e^{\int \frac{1}{x} dx} = e^{\ln|x|} = x$

$$\begin{aligned} xy_2' + y_2 &= \frac{C_1}{x} \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx}(xy_2) = \frac{C_1}{x} \\ &\Rightarrow xy_2 = C_1 \ln x + C_2 \\ &\Rightarrow y_2 = C_1 \frac{1}{x} \ln x + C_2 \frac{1}{x} \end{aligned}$$

$y_1 = \frac{1}{x}$  為其一補解，故可知另一補解為  $y_2 = \frac{1}{x} \ln x$

2. 試求下述二階 ODE:  $2y'' + 44y' + 242y = 0$

$$2y'' + 44y' + 242y = 0 \Rightarrow y'' + 22y' + 121y = 0$$

令  $y = e^{\lambda x}$  代回 ODE 可得  $(\lambda^2 + 22\lambda + 121)e^{\lambda x} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^2 + 22\lambda + 121 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda + 11)^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = -11, -11 \text{ (重根)}$$

$$\therefore y = C_1 e^{-11x} + C_2 x e^{-11x}$$