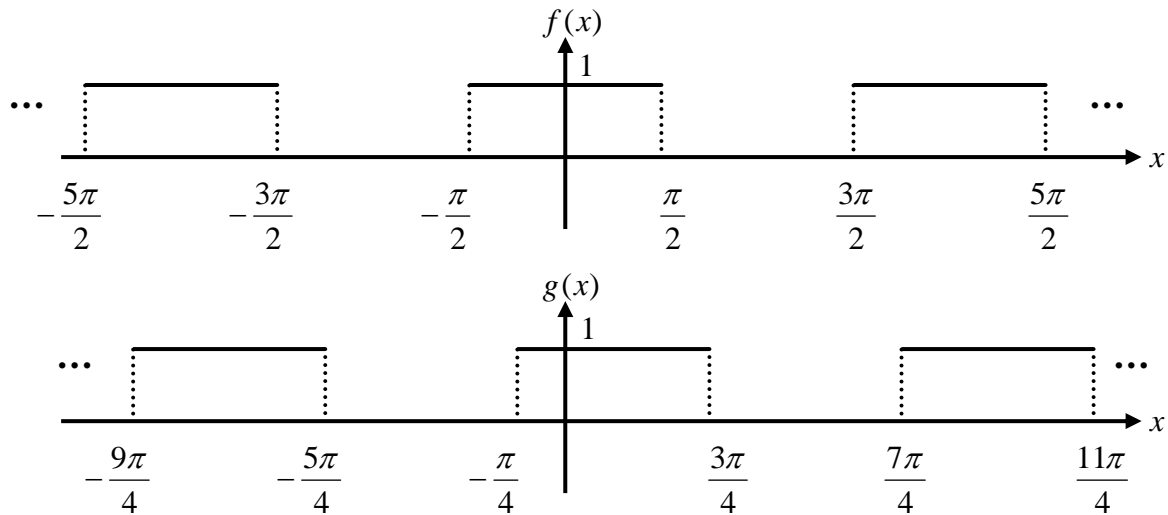


系級：_____ 學號：_____ 姓名：_____

1. 已知函數 $f(x) = 3\sin x - 4\sin x \cos^2 x$ ，試求 $f(x)$ 的傅立葉級數。(6%)
2. 週期函數 $f(x)$ 與 $g(x)$ 的圖形如下：



- (1) 試求 $f(x)$ 的傅立葉級數。(8%)
- (2) 若 $f(x)$ 的傅立葉級數為 $a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos(n\omega_0 x) + b_n \sin(n\omega_0 x)$ ，
而 $g(x)$ 的傅立葉級數為 $A_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos(n\omega_0 x) + B_n \sin(n\omega_0 x)$ ，
試求 A_0, A_n, B_n 與 a_0, a_n, b_n 之間的關係。(6%)

3. 給一週期函數 $f(x) = x + \pi$ ， $-\pi < x < \pi$ 且 $f(x) = f(x + 2\pi)$

- (1) 試求其傅立葉級數展開。(8%)
- (2) 試求 $1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots = ?$ (4%)

4. 已知函數 $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x, & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$

- (1) 試求函數 $f(x)$ 的傅立葉積分表示式。(8%)
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5. (1) 試求 $h(x) = e^{-ax}u(x)$ 之傅立葉轉換 $H(\omega)$ ，其中 $a > 0$ 。(5%)
- (2) 試求 $g(x) = xe^{-ax}u(x)$ 之傅立葉轉換 $G(\omega)$ 。(5%)
- (3) 試求 $F(\omega) = \frac{e^{-3(i\omega+4)}}{16-\omega^2+8i\omega}$ 之傅立葉逆轉換 $f(x) = ?$ (5%)

6. 已知 $u(x-a)$ 為單位步階函數，即 $u(x-a) = \begin{cases} 1, & x > a \\ 0, & x < a \end{cases} \quad (a > 0)$

(1) 請畫出 $p(x) = u(x+a) - u(x-a)$ 之圖形，並求其傅立葉轉換 $P(\omega)$ 。(6%)

(2) 已知函數 $g(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 2 \text{ and } x > 8 \\ 3, & 2 \leq x \leq 8 \end{cases}$ ，試以單位步階函數來表示。(3%)

(3) 函數 $f(x-5) = g(x)$ 請畫出 $f(x)$ 之圖形，並求其傅立葉轉換 $F(\omega)$ 。(6%)

(4) 試求函數 $g(x)$ 傅立葉轉換 $G(\omega)$ 。(5%)

(5) 試問 $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 3\omega}{\omega^2} d\omega = ?$ (4%)

(6) 試將微分方程 $y''(x) + 4y'(x) + 3y(x) = 2\delta'(x)$ 做傅立葉轉換，並求 $Y(\omega) = ?$
(5%)

(7) 試問 $y(x) = \mathcal{F}^{-1}[Y(\omega)] = ?$ (5%)

7. 已知 $f(t) = e^t u(t)$ ， $g(t) = tu(t)$ ，試計算 $f(t) * g(t)$ 。(7%)

傅立葉級數展開

$$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos \frac{2n\pi x}{T} + b_n \sin \frac{2n\pi x}{T} \right)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f(x) dx, \quad a_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f(x) \cos \frac{2n\pi x}{T} dx, \quad b_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f(x) \sin \frac{2n\pi x}{T} dx$$

傅立葉級數之 Parseval 恆等式：
$$\frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f^2(x) dx = a_0^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n^2 + b_n^2)$$

傅立葉積分

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} [A(\omega) \cos \omega x + B(\omega) \sin \omega x] d\omega$$

其中 $A(\omega) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \cos \omega x dx$, $B(\omega) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \sin \omega x dx$

傅立葉複數形式級數展開

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n e^{i\omega_n x}, \quad \text{其中 } \omega_n = \frac{2n\pi}{T}, \quad c_n = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f(x) e^{-i\omega_n x} dx$$

傅立葉轉換：
$$F(\omega) = \mathcal{F}[f(x)] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-i\omega x} dx$$

傅立葉反轉換：
$$f(x) = \mathcal{F}^{-1}[F(\omega)] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(\omega) e^{i\omega x} d\omega$$

傅立葉轉換的 Parseval 恆等式：
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(x)|^2 dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |F(\omega)|^2 d\omega$$

Convolution:
$$f * g = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t - \tau) g(\tau) d\tau$$

$$\mathcal{F}[f'(t)] = i\omega F(\omega) \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}[f^{(n)}(t)] = (i\omega)^n F(\omega)$$

$$\mathcal{F}[t^n f(t)] = i^n \frac{d^n}{d\omega^n} F(\omega) \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}[f^{(n)}(t)] = (i\omega)^n F(\omega)$$

$$\int_a^b f(x) \delta(x - x_0) dx = f(x_0) \quad \text{其中 } a < x_0 < b$$

尤拉公式：
$$\cos x = \frac{1}{2}(e^{ix} + e^{-ix}), \quad \sin x = \frac{1}{2i}(e^{ix} - e^{-ix})$$

Scaling:
$$\mathcal{F}[f(at)] = \frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right)$$

Time shifting:
$$\mathcal{F}[f(t - T)] = e^{-i\omega T} F(\omega)$$

Frequency shifting:
$$\mathcal{F}[e^{i\omega_0 t} f(t)] = F(\omega - \omega_0)$$

參考解答：

1. 已知函數 $f(x) = 3\sin x - 4\sin x \cos^2 x$ ，試求 $f(x)$ 的傅立葉級數。

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= 3\sin x - 4\sin x \cos^2 x \\ &= 3\sin x - 4\sin x(1 - \sin^2 x) \\ &= 2\sin x - (3\sin x - 4\sin^3 x) \\ &= 2\sin x - \sin 3x \end{aligned}$$

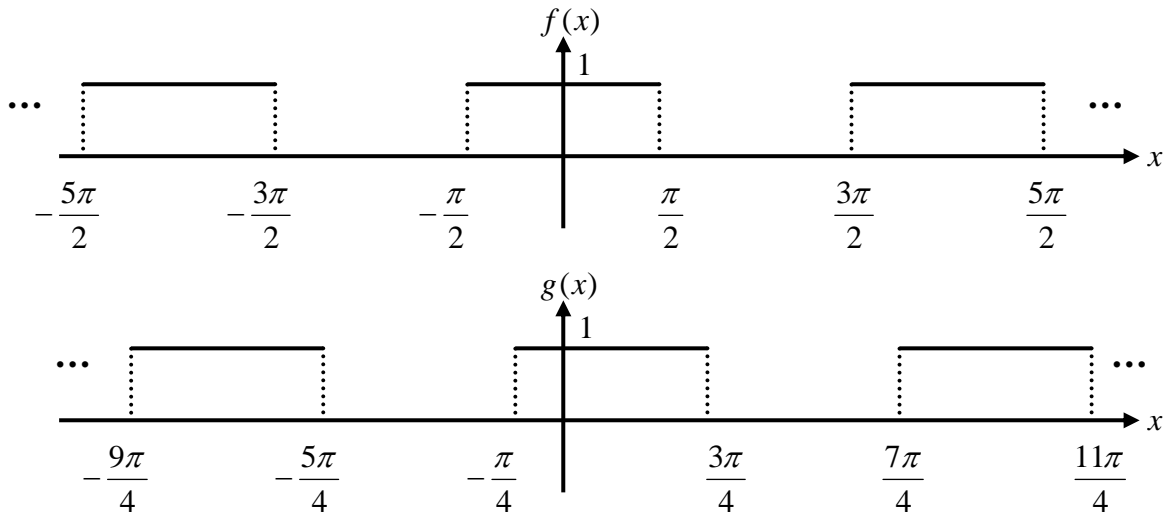
故可知此函數之週期為 2π

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{由傅立葉級數: } f(x) &= a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos \frac{2n\pi x}{T} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin \frac{2n\pi x}{T} \\ &= a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin nx \end{aligned}$$

比較係數後可得： $a_0 = a_n = 0$ ， $b_1 = 2$ ， $b_3 = -1$ ， $b_n = 0$ ($n \neq 1, 3$)

\therefore 其傅立葉級數為 $f(x) = 2\sin x - \sin 3x$

2. 週期函數 $f(x)$ 與 $g(x)$ 的圖形如下：



(1) 試求 $f(x)$ 的傅立葉級數。(8%)

(2) 若 $f(x)$ 的傅立葉級數為 $a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos(n\omega_0 x) + b_n \sin(n\omega_0 x)$ ，

而 $g(x)$ 的傅立葉級數為 $A_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos(n\omega_0 x) + B_n \sin(n\omega_0 x)$ ，

試求 A_0, A_n, B_n 與 a_0, a_n, b_n 之間的關係。(6%)

$$(1) \text{ 由圖形可知 } f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & -\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0, & x < -\frac{\pi}{2} \text{ and } \frac{\pi}{2} < x \end{cases} \quad \text{且 } f(x) = f(x + 2\pi)$$

可知 $f(x)$ 為偶函數

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore f(x) &= a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos \frac{2n\pi x}{T} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin \frac{2n\pi x}{T} \quad (\text{已知 } T = 2\pi, b_n = 0) \\ &= a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx\end{aligned}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} dx = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}a_n &= \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f(x) \cos \frac{2n\pi x}{T} dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos nx dx \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \cos nx = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos n\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

(2) 由圖可知 $g(x) = f\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore g(x) &= f\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos n\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \\ &= a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \left(\cos \frac{n\pi}{4} \cdot \cos nx + \sin \frac{n\pi}{4} \cdot \sin nx\right) \\ &= a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos \frac{n\pi}{4} \cdot \cos nx + a_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{4} \cdot \sin nx\right) \\ &= A_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_n \cos nx + B_n \sin nx)\end{aligned}$$

比較係數後可得: $A_0 = a_0$, $A_n = a_n \cdot \cos \frac{n\pi}{4}$, $B_n = a_n \cdot \sin \frac{n\pi}{4}$

3. 給一週期函數 $f(x) = x + \pi$, $-\pi < x < \pi$ 且 $f(x) = f(x + 2\pi)$

(1) 試求其傅立葉級數展開。(8%)

(2) 試求 $1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots = ?$ (4%)

$$\begin{aligned}(1) f(x) &= a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos \frac{2n\pi x}{T} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin \frac{2n\pi x}{T} \quad (\text{已知 } T = 2\pi) \\ &= a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx\end{aligned}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (x + \pi) dx = \pi$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f(x) \cos \frac{2n\pi x}{T} dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (x + \pi) \cdot \cos nx dx = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f(x) \sin \frac{2n\pi x}{T} dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (x + \pi) \cdot \sin nx dx = \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \pi + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \sin nx$$

(2) 當 $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ 時

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \pi + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} = \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\text{即 } 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

4. 已知函數 $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x, & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$

(1) 試求函數 $f(x)$ 的傅立葉積分表示式。(8%)

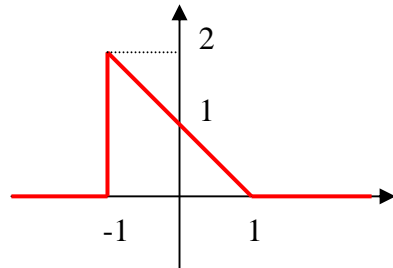
(2) 試問 $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin(2x)}{x} dx = ?$ (4%)

$$(1) f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} [A(\omega) \cos(\omega x) + B(\omega) \sin(\omega x)] d\omega$$

$$\text{其中 } A(\omega) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \cos(\omega x) dx$$

$$B(\omega) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \sin(\omega x) dx$$

$$\text{又 } f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x, & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$



$$\therefore A(\omega) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-1}^1 (1-x) \cos(\omega x) dx = \frac{2}{\pi\omega} \sin \omega$$

$$B(\omega) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-1}^1 (1-x) \sin(\omega x) dx = \frac{2}{\pi\omega^2} (\omega \cos \omega - \sin \omega)$$

$\therefore f(x)$ 之傅立葉積分為

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2}{\pi\omega} [\sin \omega \cdot \cos(\omega x) + \frac{1}{\omega} (\omega \cos \omega - \sin \omega) \cdot \sin(\omega x)] d\omega$$

當 $x=1$ 時，

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{2}{\pi\omega} [\sin \omega \cdot \cos(\omega) + \frac{1}{\omega} (\omega \cos \omega - \sin \omega) \cdot \sin(\omega)] d\omega = 0$$

當 $x = -1$ 時，

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{2}{\pi\omega} [\sin \omega \cdot \cos(\omega) - \frac{1}{\omega} (\omega \cos \omega - \sin \omega) \cdot \sin(\omega)] d\omega = \frac{f(1^+) + f(1^-)}{2} = 1$$

兩式相加可得 $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{4}{\pi\omega} \sin \omega \cdot \cos(\omega) d\omega = 1$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2 \sin \omega \cdot \cos(\omega)}{\omega} d\omega = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin(2\omega)}{\omega} d\omega = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin(2x)}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

5. (1) 試求 $h(x) = e^{-ax}u(x)$ 之傅立葉轉換 $H(\omega)$ ，其中 $a > 0$ 。(5%)

(2) 試求 $g(x) = xe^{-ax}u(x)$ 之傅立葉轉換 $G(\omega)$ 。(5%)

(3) 試求 $F(\omega) = \frac{e^{-3(i\omega+4)}}{16-\omega^2+8i\omega}$ 之傅立葉逆轉換 $f(x) = ?$ (5%)

$$(1) F(\omega) = \mathcal{F}[f(x)] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-i\omega x} dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ax} u(x) e^{-i\omega x} dx = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-(a+i\omega)x} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{a+i\omega} e^{-(a+i\omega)x} \Big|_0^{\infty} = \frac{1}{a+i\omega}$$

(2) 由 $\mathcal{F}[t^n f(t)] = i^n \frac{d^n}{d\omega^n} F(\omega)$ 可知

$$\mathcal{F}[g(x)] = \mathcal{F}[xe^{-ax}u(x)] = i \frac{d}{d\omega} \left(\frac{1}{a+i\omega} \right) = \frac{1}{(a+i\omega)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) f(x) &= \mathcal{F}^{-1}[F(\omega)] = \mathcal{F}^{-1} \left[\frac{e^{-3(i\omega+4)}}{16-\omega^2+8i\omega} \right] = \mathcal{F}^{-1} \left[\frac{e^{-12} \cdot e^{-i3\omega}}{(4+i\omega)^2} \right] \\ &= e^{-12} \mathcal{F}^{-1} \left[\frac{e^{-i3\omega}}{(4+i\omega)^2} \right] \\ &= e^{-12} [(x-3)e^{-4(x-3)}u(x-3)] \\ &= e^{-4x} (x-3)u(x-3) \end{aligned}$$

6. 已知 $u(x-a)$ 為單位步階函數，即 $u(x-a) = \begin{cases} 1, & x > a \\ 0, & x < a \end{cases} \quad (a > 0)$

(1) 請畫出 $p(x) = u(x+a) - u(x-a)$ 之圖形，並求其傅立葉轉換 $P(\omega)$ 。(6%)

(2) 已知函數 $g(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 2 \text{ and } x > 8 \\ 3, & 2 \leq x \leq 8 \end{cases}$ ，試以單位步階函數來表示。(3%)

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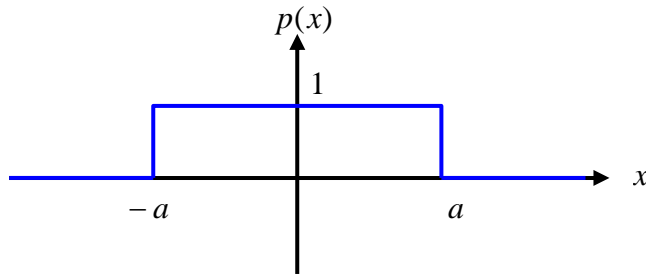
(4) 試求函數 $g(x)$ 傅立葉轉換 $G(\omega)$ 。(5%)

(5) 試問 $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 3\omega}{\omega^2} d\omega = ?$ (4%)

(6) 試將微分方程 $y''(x) + 4y'(x) + 3y(x) = 2\delta'(x)$ 做傅立葉轉換，並求 $Y(\omega) = ?$ (5%)

(7) 試問 $y(x) = \mathcal{F}^{-1}[Y(\omega)] = ?$ (5%)

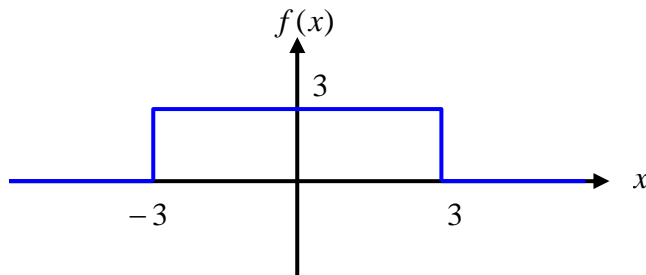
(1)



$$P(\omega) = \mathcal{F}[p(x)] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x)e^{-i\omega x} dx = \int_{-a}^a e^{-i\omega x} dx = 2 \int_0^a \cos \omega x dx = \frac{2 \sin(a\omega)}{\omega}$$

(2) $g(x) = 3u(x-2) - 3u(x-8)$

(3) $f(x-5) = g(x) \Rightarrow f(x) = g(x+5) = 3u(x+3) - 3u(x-3)$



$$F(\omega) = \mathcal{F}[f(x)] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)e^{-i\omega x} dx = 3 \int_{-3}^3 e^{-i\omega x} dx = 6 \int_0^3 \cos \omega x dx = \frac{6 \sin 3\omega}{\omega}$$

(4) $g(x) = f(x-5)$

$$\Rightarrow G(\omega) = \mathcal{F}[g(x)] = \mathcal{F}[f(x-5)] = e^{-i5\omega} \cdot F(\omega) = \frac{6e^{-i5\omega} \cdot \sin 3\omega}{\omega}$$

(5) 傅立葉轉換的 Parseval 恆等式可得

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(x)|^2 dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |F(\omega)|^2 d\omega$$

$$\Rightarrow 9 \int_{-3}^3 dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{36}{\omega^2} \sin^2 3\omega d\omega$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 3\omega}{\omega^2} d\omega = 3\pi$$

(6) $\mathcal{F}[y''(x) + 4y'(x) + 3y(x)] = \mathcal{F}[2\delta'(x)]$

$$\Rightarrow (i\omega)^2 Y(\omega) + 4i\omega Y(\omega) + 3Y(\omega) = 2i\omega$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(\omega) = \frac{2i\omega}{-\omega^2 + 4i\omega + 3}$$

(6) 由(2)的結果可知

$$\begin{aligned} y(x) &= \mathcal{F}^{-1}[Y(\omega)] = \mathcal{F}^{-1}\left[\frac{2i\omega}{-\omega^2 + 4i\omega + 3}\right] = \mathcal{F}^{-1}\left[\frac{2i\omega}{(1+i\omega)(3+i\omega)}\right] \\ &= \mathcal{F}^{-1}\left[\frac{3}{3+i\omega} - \frac{1}{1+i\omega}\right] = (3e^{-3t} - e^{-t})u(t) \end{aligned}$$

7. 已知 $f(t) = e^t u(t)$, $g(t) = tu(t)$, 試計算 $f(t) * g(t)$ 。 (7%)

$$\begin{aligned} f(t) * g(t) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\tau} u(\tau)(t-\tau)u(t-\tau) d\tau \\ &= \int_0^t e^{\tau} (t-\tau) d\tau \\ &= (te^{\tau} - \tau e^{\tau} + e^{\tau}) \Big|_0^t \\ &= (te^t - te^t + e^t) - (t - 0 + 1) \\ &= e^t - t - 1 \end{aligned}$$